

C. Public Appearances of Subject as Leader of the NND ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1. At New York, New York

On March 9, 1964, subject was a guest on the program "World At Ten" over WNDT - TV, Channel 13, New York City. He predicted that the current civil rights struggle would "explode" in 1964, and expressed the opinion that young Negroes are willing to do anything for integration. He also stated if Negroes are not protected they must defend themselves, although he pointed out he was not teaching retaliation, just self-protection.

The March 16, 1964 edition of "The New York Times" contained an article on page 1 which reflected that on March 15, 1964, subject had spoken at a rent strike rally held by the Harlem Community Council on housing at 32 West 118th Street, New York City (For pertinent comments at this meeting by subject see pages 43,44)

On April 1, 1964, subject was the guest on the "Tex Mc Cray" show, over radio station WOR, New York City, from 11:15 p.m. to midnight. (Pertinent comments, see page 41.)

On April 2, 1964, subject was the guest speaker at a meeting of 40 ministers of the Brooklyn Methodist Ministers Association at the John Wesley Methodist Church, 260 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, New York, according to an article on page 22 of the April 3, 1964 edition of "The New York Times". Subject in his remarks indicated that he would follow the methods of Evangelist BILLY GRAHAM by preaching the gospel of Black Nationalism and by urging Negroes to join existing Civil Rights groups.

On April 8, 1964, subject was the featured speaker at a meeting sponsored by the Militant Labor Forum (MLF) held at Palm Gardens, 310 West 52nd Street, New York City. He spoke on Human Rights.

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[REDACTED] advised that the regular forums held by the New York Local Socialist Workers Party (SWP) on Friday evenings are called Militant Labor Forums.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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[REDACTED] subject stated at the above meeting that the black man wants his rights and he is not going to stop until he gets them. Subject explained that he did not advocate initiating violence but he did advocate self-defense. He further stated that Negroes should not be working for Civil Rights, but they should be working for Human Rights by taking their plea to the United Nations.

2. At Boston, Massachusetts

On March 24, 1964, subject was the guest on the "Bob Kennedy Show" over radio station WBZ, Boston, Massachusetts, from 6:30 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. (Pertinent remarks, see page 50.)

3. At Chicago, Illinois

[REDACTED] that subject had held a press conference in Chicago, Illinois, on March 28, 1964. (Pertinent remarks, see page 41.)

On March 28, 1964, subject appeared on "KUPS" TV show, Channel 7, Chicago, Illinois, as a panelist. The show was moderated by IRV KUPCINET, and in addition to subject the panelists were:

VANCE PACKARD, a Journalist

RICHARD KIM, a Novelist

WILLIAM ROBERT MING, JR., an attorney and prominent Chicago civic leader.

United States Senator PAUL DOUGLAS of Illinois

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Subject spoke for his MMI and their Black Nationalist philosophy and he defended the "Muslims".

4. At Cleveland, Ohio

On April 3, 1964, subject and Negro author LOUIS LOMAX were guest speakers at a public rally sponsored by the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) which was held in the Church of the Covenant at Cleveland, Ohio. (Pertinent comments, see pages 42, and 44.)

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On April 7, 1964, subject was interviewed by HARVE MORGAN on the radio program "Contact" over station KYW, Cleveland, Ohio. (Pertinent remarks, see pages 42 and 44.)

5. At Detroit, Michigan

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised on April 14, 1964, that subject was the principal speaker at the Legal Fund Rally of the Group on Advanced Leadership (GOAL), a non-profit educational corporation formed to hasten Negro achievements and rights. The rally was held on April 12, 1964, at the King Solomon Baptist Church, Detroit, Michigan, and was attended by approximately 2,000 persons.

In his speech subject urged Negroes to become economically and politically independent and to take their grievances to the United Nations.

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The presence of subject as speaker at the above meeting was also verified by [REDACTED]

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The April 18, 1964 edition of "The New Crusader" contained an article on page 5, datelined "Detroit, Michigan," which reflected that the above GOAL meeting was held only after GOAL was awarded an injunction by the Circuit Court restraining Reverend T. S. BOONE from cancelling the contract for the meeting. The article explained that Reverend BOONE was the pastor of the King Solomon Baptist Church and that he had attempted to cancel the contract renting the church to GOAL when he learned that subject was to be the speaker.

6. At Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

On March 20, 1964, at 11:00 p.m. subject was the guest on the Joe Rainey Show "Listening Post", over radio station WDAS, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in which subject talked about the organization and policies of the MMI. When asked during the program if the MMI was a nation-wide organization, subject did not answer directly, but indicated he had received mail from student groups from coast to coast expressing a desire to become active with the MMI. 4

On April 10, 1964, subject appeared on the "Ed Harvey" radio program from 1:00 p.m. to 3:00 p.m. in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He talked about the formation of the MMI and his break with the NOI. He also stated that he did not hate the white man, only those things which the white man has done to his people. He also urged Negroes to use self-defense to protect themselves.

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7. At Washington, D. C.

The March 27, 1964 edition of the "Washington Daily News", a daily newspaper published in Washington, D. C. contained an article on page 3 which reflected that on March 26, 1964, subject watched the debate in the United States Senate of the Civil Rights Bill from the visitor's gallery. He denounced the debate as a "con game". Afterwards he attended an impromptu

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press conference in the conference room of the Capitol Building held by Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING who had also been in the visitors gallery, but in a different section. After KING's press conference subject shook hands with him and briefly exchanged greetings.

VII. RELATIONSHIP WITH CIVIL RIGHTS ORGANIZATIONS AND LEADERS

A. General

At his press conference on March 12, 1964, at the Park Sheraton Hotel, New York City, MALCOLM X exclaimed that he did not believe that co-existence between the white and Negro race would ever come about. He also classified as "counterfeit" the 1964 Civil Rights Bill under consideration at that time by the United States Congress, since it failed to offer anything to the Negro in the North.

The March 27, 1964 edition of "The New York Times" contained an article on page 10 which reflected that subject indicated he favored passage of the Civil Rights Bill by the United States Senate without amendment, but forecast that enforcing it would lead to violence. Nor would it solve the Negro problem "because you can't legislate good will - that comes only by education".

The March 29, 1964 edition of the "Chicago Sun American" contained an article on page 22 that subject would support other Negro leaders in their quest of Civil Rights although he favors desegregation. He wants separation not integration. He will support Civil Rights leaders and when they find that Civil Rights is not the answer he will push for separation.

B. Possible Support

At the press conference held by MALCOLM X on March 12, 1964, in the Park Sheraton Hotel, New York City, he announced that on March 14, 1964, at Chester, Pennsylvania, he would meet with civil rights leaders STANLEY BRANCHE of Chester, Pennsylvania, Reverend MILTON GALAMISON of Brooklyn, New York, and Mrs. GLORIA RICHARDSON of Cambridge, Maryland.